21 DATAQUILL LIMITED,

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1. DataQuill based on present information admits the allegations of this paragraph.

Counterdefendant.

2. DataQuill admits that DataQuill Limited is a limited company organized under the laws of the British Virgin Islands. The remaining allegations are denied.

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- DataQuill admits that this Court has subject matter jurisdiction, and that DataQuill has accused HTC of infringing certain claims of the patents. The remaining allegations are denied.
- DataQuill admits that jurisdiction and venue in this district are proper; otherwise denied.
- DataQuill admits the referenced Request for Reexamination was filed and refiled on the dates alleged. DataQuill admits the Request was granted on the date alleged and assigned the control number alleged. DataQuill admits the referenced Reexamination Certificate was issued on the date alleged. DataQuill admits certain claims were cancelled, certain claims were amended, and claims were added including certain dependent claims rewritten in independent form, among other actions documented in the public record of the reexamination proceeding. Facts concerning HTC's allegations about filing dates, control numbers, amendment of claims, etc., are a matter of public record in the Patent Office files, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence, and to address legal issues related thereto; HTC's characterization and allegations are otherwise denied.
- 6. DataQuill admits the referenced Request for Reexamination was filed on December 21, 2006 and re-filed on February 9, 2007. DataQuill admits the Request was granted on the date alleged and assigned the control number alleged. DataQuill admits the referenced Reexamination Certificate was issued on the date alleged. DataQuill admits the independent claims were amended. Facts concerning HTC's allegations about filing dates, control numbers, amendment of claims, etc., are a matter of public record in the Patent Office files, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence and to address legal issues related thereto; HTC's characterization and allegations are otherwise denied.
 - 7. DataQuill incorporates its responses to each preceding allegation.
 - 8. The allegations of this paragraph are denied.
 - 9. The allegations of this paragraph are denied.

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27. DataQuill admits only that HTC makes the referenced allegations.

26. The allegations of this paragraph are denied.

- 28. (and sub-heading (a)). DataQuill admits United Kingdom patent application 93 21133 was filed October 13, 1993, and named Garry Robb as an inventor. DataQuill admits documents regarding the referenced PCT application were filed September 27, 1994. DataQuill admits the referenced PCT application designated the United States, and identified Garry Robb, Paul Doran, and Frank Callaghan as the inventors. DataQuill admits the '304 patent claims the benefit of the filing date of the October 13, 1993 application as allowed under applicable Patent Office rules. Facts concerning HTC's allegations about filing dates, application serial numbers, identification of inventors, and identification of foreign priority applications are a matter of public record in the Patent Office files, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence; HTC's allegations are otherwise denied.
- 29. Based on present investigation, and available information and recollection of events, DataQuill believes that: A company called Winfair Systems was formed and that Mr. Robb was involved in Winfair. A trade show called "Scantech" related to bar code technology was held in Birmingham, England, in or around June 1992. Mr. Robb and Mr. Orkisz attended Scantech in 1992, and they are believed to have made available to attendees a certain one-page flyer. Further, HTC's allegations regarding what it describes as the "two-page brochure" alleged in this paragraph are denied as being unfounded and contrary to the evidence. DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. The allegations in this paragraph are otherwise denied.
 - 30. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.
- 31. (and sub-heading (b)). DataQuill admits only that an article entitled "Winfair Launches Two-Way Bar Code Reader" appeared in the Glasgow (Scotland) Herald issue dated August 25, 1992. DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill denies that HTC's allegations accurately describe the

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content of the article, denies that the article itself is accurate in all respects, and otherwise denies the allegations in this paragraph.

- 32. DataQuill denies that the Glasgow Herald article was material. See, e.g., July 12, 2005 Decision of Hon. Judge Rudi M. Brewster, S.D. California. Further, based on present investigation and available information and recollection of events, DataQuill believes that: Mr. Robb, among other things, testified that he believed it is possible he had some knowledge about the article about Winfair around the time it came out in 1992, did not recall ever having had a copy of the article in his possession, and did not have a custom or practice of keeping news clippings. Also, Mr. Robb did not have a copy of the article in his possession nor did it come to mind at the time DataQuill filed its United States patent application in 1996 that led to the '304 patent, or at the time he submitted the inventor's declaration for the United States application that led to the '304 patent, April 23, 1996. DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations in this paragraph.
- 33. (and sub-heading (c)). DataQuill admits the '591 patent issued from the referenced application, was a continuation of a continuation of the application which led to the '304 patent, and claims the benefit of the filing date of the referenced application. The facts concerning the allegations about filing date, application serial number, continuation application, and identification of foreign priority application are a matter of public record in the Patent Office files, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations in this paragraph.
- 34. DataQuill admits Jan Orkisz was questioned on or around the alleged date. DataQuill denies HTC's characterization "two-page brochure (Orkisz deposition exhibit 93)" (emphasis HTC's); the referenced "exhibit 93" was described as "1 page" on Kyocera's exhibit list (submitted with its summary judgment motion): "D-93 Color brochure, double-sided (1 page)." All admissions are based on present investigation and

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DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations in this paragraph.

- 35. DataQuill admits that the referenced IDS contains, *inter alia*, the quoted text without the bracketed word inserted by HTC. The facts concerning the allegations about the content and date of an IDS are a matter of public record in the Patent Office files, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill denies the allegations concerning HTC's described "two-page brochure," and denies that Mr. Orkisz made the statements HTC alleges. DataQuill also otherwise denies the allegations of this paragraph.
- 36. DataQuill incorporates its response to paragraph 35. DataQuill admits that the referenced IDS contains, *inter alia*, the quoted text without the italics inserted by HTC. The facts concerning the allegations about the content of an IDS are a matter of public record in the Patent Office files, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of this paragraph.
- 37. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph. DataQuill also incorporates its response to paragraph 37.
- 38. Based on present investigation, and available information and recollection of events, DataQuill believes that: Mr. Robb in 1992 was aware of a two-sided, single page brochure that is believed to have been made in or around August or September 1992, and thus would not have existed at the time of the June 1992 Scantech exhibition; nor is it believed to have been publicly distributed. All admissions are based on present investigation and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill also incorporates its response to paragraph 35. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of this paragraph.
 - 39. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.

- 40. (and sub-heading (d)). Based on present investigation, and available information and recollection of events, DataQuill believes that: Mr. Robb testified in his October 2005 deposition that after having seen a copy of a flyer of Winfair Systems which he had not seen for several years his recollection at that time was that copies of a single-sided, one page flyer of Winfair Systems were made available to attendees at Scantech in June 1992. Further it is believed at the time Mr. Robb submitted his declaration in 1996, he no longer worked for DataQuill, Winfair Systems was not an active entity, nor did he recall having a copy of this flyer. The prosecution history of the '304 patent does not indicate that the single-sided, one page referenced flyer was submitted during prosecution of the application which led to the '304 patent. Facts concerning the allegations about what information was submitted during the prosecution history of the '304 patent are a matter of public record in the Patent Office files. DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of this paragraph.
 - 41. (and sub-heading (e)). DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.
- 42. DataQuill admits its counsel filed the referenced European counterpart applications. DataQuill admits opposition proceedings were filed in the EPO. The facts concerning the allegations about proceedings in the EPO are a matter of public record. Furthermore, no response is required regarding the purported discussion of legal standards of European law as contained in this paragraph. DataQuill reserves all rights to address legal conclusions or prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies HTC's characterization of European opposition proceedings, and the allegations of this paragraph.
- 43. DataQuill admits the identified parties filed oppositions. DataQuill admits the opposition proceedings involved allegations concerning certain art references and certain aspects of priority dates of certain patent claims under European law, and that as more fully stated in the record certain claims were ruled to be entitled to a priority date

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27 28 of October 13, 1993, and certain claims were ruled to be entitled to a priority date of September 27, 1994. DataQuill admits that in its U.S. application under U.S. patent law it made a claim to the benefit of an October 13, 1993 foreign application pursuant to and as permitted by the applicable rules for preserving a claim to priority. Facts concerning the allegations about proceedings in the EPO and the U.S. Patent Office are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill denies that MPEP 2001.06 and MPEP 2001.06(a) were contravened. DataQuill also otherwise denies the allegations in this paragraph. DataQuill incorporates its response to paragraph 42.

- 44. DataQuill admits the inventors were generally aware of the European opposition proceedings. Mr. Milhench was aware of and participated as counsel in the opposition proceedings. DataQuill admits the referenced document was submitted in the oppositions. The facts concerning the allegations about the EPO proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill's response is based on present investigation and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations in this paragraph. DataQuill incorporates its response to paragraph 42.
- 45. DataQuill admits the inventors were generally aware of the opposition proceedings. Mr. Milhench was aware of and participated as counsel in the opposition proceedings. DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill admits that certain information may have been deemed relevant for submission in the '591 patent application, for example, as background to foreign proceedings (e.g., the European opposition proceedings) or, for example, as relating to foreign art references (e.g., non-English) cited in a foreign prosecution. DataQuill, however, denies that the information HTC implicitly refers to in these allegations was

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material to the '591 patent application. DataQuill also otherwise denies allegations of and HTC's characterizations in this paragraph. DataQuill incorporates its response to paragraph 42.

- 46. DataQuill admits its U.S. patent attorney was aware of the opposition proceedings at some time after their filing in Europe. U.S. patent attorneys are aware of a duty of disclosure under U.S. law; DataQuill however incorporates its response to paragraph 45. DataQuill's response is based on present investigation and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations in this paragraph.
- 47. DataQuill admits the identified IDS and documents were submitted to the U.S. Patent Office. DataQuill further states that patent counsel deemed certain information may have been relevant for submission in the '591 patent application, for example, as relating to foreign art references (e.g., non-English reference) cited in a foreign prosecution. DataQuill denies the unjustified conclusions HTC draws as contrary to the facts and law. DataQuill incorporates its response to paragraph 45. Facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 48. DataQuill incorporates its response to paragraphs 43 and 45. DataQuill admits it informed the U.S. Patent Office of the European opposition proceedings. Facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
 - 49. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.
 - 50. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.

- 51. (and sub-heading (f)). Based on present investigation and available information of events, DataQuill admits that the file indicates patent counsel of Morgan & Finnegan (New York, NY) submitted documents in regard to the referenced application on behalf of AVT Audio Visual and records show the filing date alleged. The referenced claim contained part of the quoted text, presented in a different format. The facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings and the content of the application are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 52. Based on present investigation and available information of events,
 DataQuill admits that the file indicates that an office action mailed to Morgan &
 Finnegan on October 27, 1999 rejected claim 30 of the AVT patent application in view of
 the referenced combination of references. The facts concerning the allegations about the
 U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all
 rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other
 evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations
 and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 53. DataQuill denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 54. DataQuill denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 55. Based on present investigation and available information of events, DataQuill admits the referenced patent was cited in the prosecution of the patent application of another company, AVT. The identified Order contains the quoted text in regard to the '591 patent without the bracketed information added by HTC. The facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as

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indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.

- 56. DataQuill denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 57. DataQuill admits the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure includes, *inter* alia, the partially quoted text. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
 - 58. (and sub-heading (g)). DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.
 - 59. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.
- 60. DataQuill admits there are legal principles governing inventorship and duty of disclosure, but HTC's first sentence is an ambiguous articulation of the law. DataQuill othewise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 61. (and sub-heading (h)). DataQuill admits Kyocera served as confidential, and subject to protective order, a supplemental expert report as stated in the record. The facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. HTC's allegations, as with numerous of its allegations in its counterclaim, are selective, misleading and incomplete. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 62. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph. DataQuill admits the referenced supplemental expert report had attached certain claim charts as indicated by the document itself. The facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.

63. DataQuill admits the referenced IDS was submitted, which disclosed multiple documents, including documents referenced in this paragraph. The facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies HTC's characterizations in this paragraph.

- 64. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph. DataQuill responds, for example, based on present investigation that the IDS included excerpts of Kyocera's Mr. Fletcher's submission that were believed to be non-redundant to other information submitted to the Patent Office and provided as additional background to the Kyocera Litigation; the referenced excerpts of the supplemental report not submitted, for example, were believed to be redundant and/or cumulative in relevant part with other items of information and argument of Kyocera submitted to the Patent Office which had not been treated as confidential. All admissions are based on present investigation and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as supported by evidence from further investigation including discovery in this action. The facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public record and other evidence. DataQuill also otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
- 65. DataQuill denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.
 - 66. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragragh.
- 67. (and sub-heading (i)). DataQuill admits the '591 patent issued from a continuation application related to the '304 patent application. The facts concerning the allegations about the U.S. Patent Office proceedings are a matter of public record, and DataQuill reserves all rights to prove other or additional facts as indicated in the public

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27 28 record and other evidence. DataQuill otherwise denies the allegations of and HTC's characterizations and conclusions in this paragraph.

- 68. DataQuill admits HTC's pleading purports to seek the relief described. DataQuill denies that HTC is entitled to such relief, and otherwise denies the allegations of this paragraph.
 - 69. DataQuill incorporates its responses to each preceding allegation.
 - 70. DataQuill denies the allegations of this paragraph.
- 71. DataQuill admits HTC's pleading purports to request a jury trial "on all issues and claims." DataQuill denies that HTC is entitled to a jury trial "on all issues and claims," and denies the remaining allegations of this paragraph.

DataQuill denies HTC's prayer for relief.

Plaintiff DataQuill, without affecting the appropriate burden of proof and otherwise without waiver, limitation, prejudice or right to amend, hereby asserts its affirmative defenses: Defendant's counterclaims are barred in that Plaintiff's actions are privileged, inter alia, under federal law and the laws of the Patent Act. The counterclaims fail to state claims upon which relief may be granted. In the alternative, that Defendant's counterclaims are barred by unclean hands, estoppel, and/or failure to mitigate its alleged damage.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff alleges that HTC's allegations in its counterclaims are misleading and incomplete, and/or contrary to law, and unjustified, and Plaintiff hereby prays that HTC's counterclaims be dismissed with prejudice, that Plaintiff's damages be enhanced under 35 U.S.C. § 284; the case be found exceptional against Defendant, that Plaintiff be awarded its costs of this action and reasonable fees, including its costs of defenses to Defendant's counterclaims and, inter alia, reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses permitted under 35 U.S.C. § 285, and that Plaintiff be awarded any other relief this Court deems just and equitable.

JURY DEMAND DataQuill demands trial by jury on all issues so triable in this action. August 17, 2010 Respectfully Submitted, /s/ Greg Smith Greg Smith Counsel for Plaintiff / Counterdefendant DATAQUILL LTD. **Certificate of Service** The above document was served this day of August 17, 2010, via email attachment to counsel for HTC Pete Chassman and Gregg Duffey and via operation of the Court's ECF system to all counsel of record in this matter having an email address registered on that system. /s/ Greg Smith Greg Smith Counsel for Plaintiff / Counterdefendant DATAQUILL LTD.

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